The Social Services Block Grant Coalition

April 15, 2020

Dear Member of Congress:

Representing a diverse coalition of groups serving vulnerable populations, the undersigning organizations urge Congress to increase funding to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) by \$4.1 billion to respond to the growing needs of older people, children and families, and people with disabilities in the midst of COVID-19. We also urge Congress to include no less than a 5 percent set-aside for Tribes, which does not exist in the current Title XX statute.

SSBG is a proven key source of support to help communities respond to critical needs in national disasters and an important tool in times of recession because it can provide assistance to cash-strapped states, territories, and counties quickly. It has been used to assist states and territories hit by catastrophic hurricanes including Katrina and Wilma.

In past natural disasters, Congress has used SSBG to supplement relief efforts. SSBG can provide necessary patch funding behind the overall disaster and emergency funds, which do not always address the unique needs of communities and human services.

In 2006 and 2008, Congress used SSBG to target support for communities hit by flooding and hurricanes. FY 2008 appropriations language explicitly directed HHS to target funds to states based on "demonstrated need in accordance with objective criteria that are made available to the public." Based on FEMA data and claims, Congress was able to provide funding to twenty states and Puerto Rico based on their needs—needs that went above and beyond other emergency supplemental funds Congress had provided through other departments and programs.

In 2006, supplemental SSBG funding in the amount of \$550 million was provided for expenses related to the consequences of the Gulf Coast hurricanes of 2005. Congress expanded the potential services that SSBG could be used for to include for repair, renovation and construction of the health facilities, child care and other human services facilities that suffered great devastation as a result of the hurricanes.

Factors used to allocate SSBG funds included the number of FEMA registrants from hurricanes as well as the percent of individuals in poverty in each state. Funds were also provided to non-hurricane states that took in evacuees from the flooding and destruction.

SSBG is an important tool that Congress must use in this pandemic. Such funding can be targeted to state and local "hot-spots" threatened by COVID-19. Such funding can also be used to provide additional fortification of critical needs that are now emerging and will require addressing as our country heals.

We urge you to include \$4.1 billion for SSBG in response to COVID-19. The 2006 supplemental SSBG funding provided by Congress covered 20 states and Puerto Rico. To cover all fifty states including the District of Columbia and the U.S. territories at comparable rates to the 2006 relief would mean Congress needs to provide at least \$1.6 billion in emergency funding. We propose more than doubling that total to address the heavier and wider need exhibited in this crisis, inflation since 2006, and the need to include tribal communities which have been left behind in the past. We highlight the following key areas that need the added support and focus SSBG can bring:

Charitable resources are under duress and in some communities drying up as funds constrict and demands increase. These charities provide or supplement local human services. In addition, these charities need to be supported now so that they will still exist in the aftermath of this pandemic.

Tax revenue is constricting as income tax, sales tax and other funding revenue such as licensing fees and lottery revenues are being lost due to the severe economic downturn. The impact of this will vary by state and by local governing jurisdiction depending on how that tax base is supported. States, territories, and localities that rely upon these tax revenues to fund critical social services may be able to use emergency SSBG funding to maintain those important functions.

Family Violence and Abuse concerns are being raised across the country (and globe) about the impact social isolation and economic stress is creating for many families and individuals. Adult protective services (elder and younger adults with disabilities), intimate partner violence services and child protective services must be able to respond not just to reports of abuse, neglect, and exploitation but also must be able to provide preventive and supportive services. Staff providing these services must also be recognized for their difficult task and provided with the tools they require to meet this growing need.

County Governments Ten states pass through SSBG funds directly to their county governments, which in turn draw on these funds to provide essential services to vulnerable populations, including children and youth in foster care, older adults at risk of abuse and people with disabilities. In other instances, funds are allocated by a county-related formula. SSBG funds could therefore offer direct assistance to county governments, including those in isolated areas or with smaller populations which may not be able to access other emergency funding streams.

Workforce There is any number of needs for the human service workforce both essential workers and those workers that will need to increase their workloads as the pandemic subsidies. There is a range of unpredictable needs and flexible funds that are needed in this emergency to respond effectively. The range of needs includes proper equipment and protection, and the need for greater access to technology and advanced methods of connecting and providing resources to families wherever they are living.

Tribal Communities In the past tribal communities have been left out of emergency funding despite being impacted by disasters. This pandemic is not selective in the people chosen by the

virus, but this pandemic will have especially severe and disproportionate impacts on communities that have already been struggling or underserved. Tribal governments must be included in this funding and they should receive no less than 5 percent of the emergency funding in a set-aside.

These are some of the major areas of concern that SSBG can help states, territories, and communities address beyond the categorical funding provided in the previously enacted COVID-19 packages. There are other service needs that SSBG can assist with due to its flexibility, but these are some of the most critical we can foresee at this time. As Congress creates additional packages to respond to COVID-19, we strongly urge increased support for SSBG to respond to the needs of our nation's most vulnerable—older adults, children and families, and people with disabilities.

Sincerely,

Alliance for Strong Families and Communities

American Association of Service Coordinators (AASC)

American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME)

American Professional Society on the Abuse of Children

Association of Children's Residential Centers (ACRC)

Campaign for Trauma Informed Policy and Practice

Child Welfare League of America

Children's Advocacy Institute

Children's Defense Fund

Coalition on Human Needs

Congregation of Our Lady of the Good Shepherd, U.S. Provinces

Elder Justice Coalition

Family Centered Treatment Foundation

Family Focused Treatment Association

Generations United

Grand Families

International Association for Indigenous Aging

Justice in Aging

Meals on Wheels America

National Adult Day Services Association (NADSA)

National Adult Protective Services Association

National Advocacy Center of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd

National Association of Area Agencies on Aging

National Association of Counsel for Children

National Association of Counties (NACo)

National Association of County Human Services Administrators (NACHSA)

National Association of Social Workers

National Center for Youth Law

National Human Services Assembly

National Indian Child Welfare Association

National Indian Council on Aging

National Resource Center on Domestic Violence

National Respite Coalition

Network of Jewish Human Agencies

North American Council on Adoptable Children

Prevent Child Abuse America

Saint Francis Ministries

Swirca & More

Women's Institute for a Secure Retirement (WISER)

ZERO TO THREE

STATE AND LOCAL

Addiction Connections Resource

Aging & In-Home Services of Northeast Indiana, Inc

Alabama Foster and Adoptive Parent Association

Alliance for Children's Rights

Area 10 Council on Aging of Monroe & Owen Counties, Inc.

Area Agency on Aging District 7 (Ohio)

Area Five Agency

Area IV Agency on Aging and Community Action Programs

Arizona Assocation of Area Agencies on Aging

Arizona Coalition to End Sexual and Domestic Violence

Arizona Family Health Partnership

Assertive Family Solutions.org

Auglaize County Department of Job and Family Services

Belmont County Board of Commissioners

Belmont County Department of Job and Family Services

CCFAPA

Champaign County (Ohio) Department of Job and Family Services

Childrens Service Society - Grandfamilies Kinship Care

CICOA Aging & In-Home Solutions

Citrus Family Care Network

Cornerstones of Care

County Welfare Directors Association of California

Cuyahoga County Advisory Board on Senior and Adult Services

Edgewood Center for Children and Families

Foster Kinship

Grandparents Raising America's Children to Excel, Inc.

HALOS

Hancock County Job & Family Services

Indiana Association of Area Agencies on Aging

John Burton Advocates for Youth

Kansas Association of Area Agencies on Aging & Disabilities

Licking County Job and Family Services

LifeSpan Resources

LifeStream Services, Inc

LifeSTEPS

LifeTime Resources, Inc.

Madison County Foster & Adoptive Parent Association

Maine Council on Aging

Maria Seymour Brooker Memorial

Maryland Association of Social Services Directors

Missouri Association of Area Agencies on Aging

Morgan County DJFS

North Central- Flint Hills Rea Agency on Aging, Inc.

Northeast Kingdom Council on Aging

Northwest Indiana Community Action, (Area 1 Agency on Agong)

Ohio Association of Area Agencies on Aging

Ohio Job and Family Services Directors' Association

Orange County Department of Social Services

Ottawa County Department of Job and Family Services

Pima Council on Aging

Protecting Arizona's Family Coalition

REAL Services

Sisters of Charity Foundation of South Carolina

Solano County Health and Social Services

The Children's Home Society of New Jersey

The Texas Foster Care Association

Thrive Alliance

Upper Potomac AAA

Walden Family Services

West Central Indiana Economic Development District/Area 7

World Hunger Education, Advocacy & Training (WHEAT)

White River Area Agency on Aging

Wildfire: Igniting Community Action to End Poverty in Arizona

Women's Rights and Empowerment Network (WREN)